## WELCOME TO



### WARNING

This is an unofficial blend of High School and League specific rules & information. Every effort simplified manner. We are continuously updating and improving this presentation. We make no claims of perfection. You are free to use this material, but we accept no liability

If you find inaccurate information or a simpler way to present it, we welcome you to notify us, so we can entertain changes.



### **Background Checks**

#### All Referees must be Background Checked Each Year



#### Coaches, Referees, Federal, City & State Employee's, Teachers, etc. who have been BG Checked Let me know



#### Background Checks All Coaches & Volunteers

## <u>Must Display Identification Badge</u> in order to remain on the field/court with the children. **NO EXCEPTIONS!**



### Uniform

Gray Striped Shirt \$28.95 **Black Shorts/Slacks (Solid) Black Underwear, Belt & Socks Black Sneakers (Solid)** Whistle + Smitty Lanyard



### Uniform

## Honigs Whistle Stop 954-563-5884

3900 NE 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue Oakland Park Oakland past Andrews to NE 5<sup>th</sup> Ave Turn Left Monday Thru Friday 8am -5pm





Uniform

### B500 - BASKETBALL STARTER PACKAGE Honigs Price: \$129.95 (Includes Shoes)







# DO NOT make me chase you









# Hot Line 954-962-0067









### Don't forget to say your name

## Leave your Availability









### Must Be Able to work Entire Night

### 5:45 to Whenever!!!









Single Game Rotation If you have Practice, Games, etc Give time you can be at Court







## HOW 2 GET GAMES CALL EVERY FRIDAY You Can NOT work any Division Your Relative Plays In

Brother-Sister-Step Brother or Sister- Cousin-Wife Husband-X Husband-X Wife-Aunt-Uncle- Father Mother-Step Father-or Mother- Father or Mother In Law-Mother In Law-

### Brotha from Anutha Mutha







**Get Paid** Direct Deposit

You get PAID

## Immediately After

we get paid and the check clears



## Get Paid Direct Deposit We are all Independent Contractor's

#### **Keep Track of all expenses**

Uniforms, gas, mileage, drinks



### **Get Paid** Direct Deposit

### W-9 Available on Website www.doitnowproductionZ.com

## Fill Out and e-mail to dave@doitnowProductionZ.com



## Fines

Jewelry per piece of per Ref	\$1
Late for Game	\$25
Missed Game each	\$40
Improper Uniform	\$25
Electronic Device Use	\$50
Failure to Derferm	<b>\$25</b>
Failure to Perform	γZJ
Inappropriate Language (per Word)	\$ <b>2</b> 5

# GO 2 THE COURT I ASSIGN U 2

# Or NO Pay





## WE ARE HERE FOR THE KIDS PARENT'S PAY 4 US COACHES VOLUNTEER

Be Courteous, Informative & Helpful







# *99%* OF COMPLAINTS ATTITUDE PROBLEM

### **1% BAD CALLS**

Be Courteous, Informative & Helpful





## Must Call DO IT NOW Dave

Control Issues & avoid getting to this point

## Call me when trouble starts

#### Last Resort



## **Ejections & Forfeits How to Handle**





### **Team Areas**

#### **Only a Head Coach and 1 Assistant**



#### Allowed on TEAM Sideline (Scorer's Table Side)



## Team Areas Safety

**Keep Benched Players back off the side line** 

# So they don't get Creamed



### **Team Areas**

# No Parental Units



**Team Areas Teams Own the Courts** Time Outs, Quarters and Warm Up Time Is 4 Players **Not Spectators** 



### **Team Areas**

#### Keep Spectators in Bleachers and away from the court


#### **Relationship Management**

Coach Spectator

Player

Court

Referee

**City Staff** 



# **NO** Noise Makers



#### Prior 2 Game

#### Half Time

#### After Game





Coach MUST protest BEFORE Re-start of Play

Inform Opposing Coach The Table The Referee Note on Game Sheet



No Heckling at any time No Heckling at any time





# **NO** hard casts may be worn in games or in practices.



### **Medical Alert Jewelry**



#### Allowed





# <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" Padding covered with tape –Secured to Body

You Judge it to be SAFE!



# **No Jewelry**







#### **No Excuses**

#### \$1 Fine for every piece - Each Ref



# Players & Referees Must Keep Shirts **Tucked In** At All Times





7 Minute Quarters 8,10,12,13U 8 Minute Quarters14 & 17U **Running Clock Clock will Stop** Last (2) minutes of 4<sup>th</sup>

Quarter for all Deadballs



**OVERTIME** Only one (2) minute OT Starts with real Jump Ball **Clock Stops 4 All Deadballs Full Court Press ALLOWED** Still Tied after 2 Then It Is What It Is

TIME OUTS Each Team (3) 60s(2) 30s

(1) 30 second TimeOut allowed in OT





## Time Outs can only be called

### **On Dead Balls**



The ball becomes dead following a made basket, even though the clock is running.



# Games Must Start On Time Or Forfeit

#### First Game – 10 Minute Grace Period \*\*\*Team's – Not Ref's\*\*\*



# Minimum Players to Start





**Minimum Players to Start** 

# 5<sup>th</sup> Player Arrives Get 'em in Quick!

#### **First Dead Ball**



## SUBSTITUTIONS

Injury or other reason Requiring Player to be Removed during a Quarter

Opposing Coach gets to Choose which Player Replaces Provided all Player's have met minimum Sub requirements





### All Players MUST play a

#### FULL QUARTER of Each Half





### **No FREE Substitutions**

We Sub at Quarter Intervals Only

(In Overtime – Coaches may play whomever they choose)





When substitutions are made

It is the Coach's Responsibility to notify the other Coach, Referee and Scorekeeper.



#### **Alternating Possession (AP)**



## **Alternating Possession (AP)**

**Jump Ball Situations** 

**Double Personal or Technical Foul** 

Quarters

Unsure who it went out on

Dead Ball with Neither Team in Control

#### Simultaneous

Free Throw Violations, Goaltending, Basket Interference, Technical or Personal Fouls Ball Stuck in the Backboard or Supports



### No 3's for these

#### 8U & 10 U



#### **Free Throw Lines are as follows:**

8 & under.....10 feet

10 & under .....12 feet

All other .....15 feet



#### Free Throws





#### **Free Throws**





# Five (5) fouls

# Disqualifies a player for the remainder of the game.



# DOUBLE-TEAMING IS ALLOWED TRIPLE TEAMING IS NOT ALLOWED



# Both man-to-man and zone defenses are allowed.



#### Screens

"a screen is legal action by a player (usually offense) who, without causing contact, delays or prevents an opponent from reaching a desired position." To establish a legal screening position The screener may face any direction Time & distance are relevant. The screener must be stationary except when both are moving in the same path & same direction



#### Full Court Defense Rule 8 & 10U No full court pressing

#### Except LAST (2) MINUTES 2<sup>ND</sup> & 4<sup>TH</sup> QUARTERS OR OVERTIME

Shot attempts beyond half court are not allowed, as the Defense cannot guard beyond half court.

As soon as rebound possession is clearly obtained on the defensive end, the other team drops back to their half-court defensive positions.



## Full Court Defense Rule In all divisions

#### If a team is ahead by twenty (20) points or more

#### Teams are not allowed to full court guard.



#### **Full Court Defense Rule**

Teams violating the full court defense rule

will receive warnings for the first two violations.



## **Full Court Defense Rule**

On the third violation a technical foul will be called on the bench.

Any offended team player on the floor, will shoot one foul shot + take possession of the ball at mid court. All subsequent violations will continue with one foul shot + possession of the ball at mid-court.



# On the seventh team foul the opposing team will shoot the one and one bonus foul shots,

On the tenth team foul the opposing team will shoot two foul shots.


# Flagrant foul = Ejection It shall be noted on game sheet 2 foul shots +Possession of the Ball

**Regardless** of a **made basket or not**. Possession = nearest spot of where foul occurred



# Two technical fouls in one game

# Result in Player/Coach being Ejected from the Game







# 8U & 10U



The Basic Rule is Simple

"a player may not remain in his free throw lane for three seconds while his team is in control of the ball in the frontcourt"

(the key words in this rule are: lane, team control & frontcourt.)



# 8U & 10U



The only way officials can make proper three second rulings is

(1) to know the definitions of these key words

know the "spirit & intent" of the rule and

(3) know that this is the only count which officials are allowed to suspend. Notice the word is suspend...not end



# 80 & 100



If a player, who has been in the restricted area for fewer than three seconds, receives the ball and immediately moves to the basket (dribbles or pivots) to try for a goal... the count is suspended to allow for completion of the try.



# 8U & 10U



The word is "Suspended" not "Ended"

If the player completes the try, there is no violation. But, if the player passes or aborts the try, and in doing so has spent more than three seconds in the lane... a violation is called immediately



# 8U & 10U



# Remember this **Special Suspension** allowance, pertains only to the Player with the Ball



# 8U & 10U



Similarly... if a Player who has been in the lane for fewer than three seconds, is making serious attempts to leave the area ... Suspend the count to allow the Player to do so.



# 8U & 10U



# If he/she decides not to leave and his/her team is still in control

#### Call the Violation Immediately.



# 8U & 10U



#### Team Control A team is in control of the ball when

(1) a player of the team is in control

(2) while a live ball is being passed among teammates

(3) during an interrupted dribble.



Team Control Team control continues until

(1) the ball is in flight during a try or tap

(2) an opponent secures control of the ball

#### (3) the ball becomes dead.



# Last Second Shot

#### All periods begin & end with a whistle

#### Sound the whistle to stop play....as soon as the horn sounds:



# Last Second Shot

If the ball was still in the shooter's hand(s) when the horn sounded...show the no score signal immediately.



# Last Second Shot

If the ball was released in time... (keep eyes on the shooter) ... and a basket is to be allowed... show the goal counts signal

If the shot ends in any other way, blow the whistle as soon as shot ends



# Throw-In

#### **Defensive Plane Violation**

Breaking the plane...official may issue a team warning Touching the ball... technical foul Fouling the thrower...intentional personal foul.



Putting the ball in play at the nearest spot of the foul or violation is a rule...not a mechanic. Don't "kick" any rules!



Officials must be very aware as to the proper location of the nearest throw-in spot

The nearest spot should be indicated immediately following the foul or violation

Indicate the spot immediately to inform everyone. (before going to report the foul

Indicate the spot immediately following the call of the violation



Officials must know the difference between: indicating the spot & designating the spot

We indicate at the time of the foul or violation

We **designate** during the administration of the throw-in

To allow the throw-in on the end line, when it should have been on the sideline...certainly creates an advantage for the throw-in team.





#### Points to remember regarding the opponent

A player who is screened within his/her visual field is expected to avoid contact by going around the screener.

A player who receives a blind screen may make inadvertent contact with the screener, and if the opponent is running rapidly, the contact may be severe.
Inadvertent contact is to be ruled as incidental contact if the opponent stops or

attempts to stop on contact and moves around the screen.

If the screener has the ball and the inadvertent contact displaces the screener...a foul would be called instead of traveling.

A player may not use the arms, hands, hips or shoulders to force his/her way through a screen or to hold the screener and then push the screener aside in order



# **Common Foul**

Not in the process of shooting

### No shots

# Out of bounds at spot closest to where the foul occurred



# **Personal Fouls**

# Any type of Illegal Physical Contact



# Personal Fouls Hitting - Pushing - Slapping – Holding Illegal Pick/Screen

When an offensive player is moving. When an offensive player sticks out a limb and makes physical contact with a defender in an attempt to block the path of the defender - FOUL.



Personal Fouls If a player is fouled while shooting, (2)two free throws if his shot <u>doesn't</u> go in

Only (1) if his shot <u>does</u> go in

#### (Same principle for (3) pointers)



# **Personal Fouls**

If fouled while not shooting, the ball is given to fouled team.

They get the ball at the nearest side or baseline, out of bounds, and have 5 seconds to pass the ball onto the court.



### Personal Fouls One & One

If the team committing the foul has (7) or more fouls in the game, the player who was fouled is awarded (1) free throw. If he makes his first shot, then he is awarded another free throw



## Personal Fouls Bonus (7) or more fouls (each Half)

Fouled player receives one free throw If made, Player receives a second Free Throw

(10) or more fouls (Each Half)

Fouled player receives two free throws


### **Calling Penalties**

Don't push through players to get to the table Go around them



### **Calling Penalties**

### **Be Clear**

### Make <u>SURE</u> Scorekeepers <u>Hear & Understand</u> you



### Calling Penalties Flagrant foul.

Violent contact with an opponent. This includes hitting, kicking, and punching.

This type of foul results in free throws plus the offense retaining possession of the ball after the free throws



### Held ball.

Occasionally, two or more opposing players will gain possession of the ball at the same time. In order to avoid a prolonged and/or violent tussle, the referee stops the action and awards the ball to one team or the other on a rotating basis



### Goaltending

Defensive player interferes with a shot while it's on the way down toward the basket, while it's on the way up toward the basket after having touched the backboard, or while it's in the cylinder above the rim, it's goaltending and the shot counts. If committed by an offensive player, it's a violation and the ball is awarded to the opposing team for a throw-



### **Backcourt violation**

Once the offense has brought the ball across the mid-court line, they cannot go back across the line during possession. If they do, the ball is awarded to the other team to pass inbounds



### **Time restrictions**

A player passing the ball inbounds has five seconds to pass the ball. If he does not, then the ball is awarded to the other team. Other time restrictions include the rule that a player cannot have the ball for more than five seconds when being closely guarded and, in some states and levels, shot-clock restrictions requiring a team to attempt a shot within a given time frame



# Holding



### **Double Dribble**

Dribbling the ball with both hands on the ball at the same time or picking up the dribble and then dribbling again is a double dribble











### Intentional foul

When a player makes physical contact with another player with no reasonable effort to steal the ball. It is a judgment call for the officials



### Intentional Foul



### Lane Violation by Defense





### No Score



### Palming the Ball





#### When a player dribbles the ball with his hand too far to the side of or, sometimes, even under the ball







# **Point Scored**





An offensive foul that is committed when a player pushes or runs over a defensive player. The ball is given to the team that the foul was committed upon



# Push/Charge









### Stop Clock for Foul





### Stop Clock Jump-Held Ball



#### **Misunderstood Rules in HS Basketball**

It is a jump ball (alternating possession) when the ball lodges on or in the basket support, except during a throw-in. This is a violation.



### Stop Clock Substitution







### **Technical foul**

A player or a coach can commit this type of foul. It does not involve player contact or the ball but is instead about the 'manners' of the game. Foul language, obscenity, obscene gestures, and even arguing can be considered a technical foul, as can technical details regarding filling in the scorebook improperly or dunking during warm-ups



# Technical Foul



### Throw-In Free Throw







## TimeOut 60



### Walking/Traveling

Taking more than 'a step and a half' without dribbling the ball is traveling.

Moving your pivot foot once you've stopped dribbling is traveling





## Traveling



#### **Misunderstood Rules in HS Basketball**

#### It is not possible for a player to travel while dribbling



### **Visible Count**






There is no 3-second count between the release of a shot and the control of a rebound, at which time a new count starts



# 5 Second Violation



## Blocking.

Blocking is illegal personal contact resulting from a defender not establishing position in time to prevent an opponent's drive to the basket



# Blocking



# Bonus Free Throws





# Directional Signal



Easy way to get the Directional Signal right

# Point at "Who Done It"

Except Alternating Possession Direction That's determined by your AP Object Remember to face the Score Keeper Table for Alternating Possession consistency.



# **Double Foul**





# **Goal Counts**



# Hand Check



A player who is not a dribbler in control can keep (i.e., tap) a ball inbounds, go out of bounds, and return inbounds and play the ball!



There is no such thing as "over the back". There must be contact resulting in advantage/disadvantage. Do not put a tall player at a disadvantage merely for being tall! 4. "Reaching" is not a foul. There must be contact and the player with the ball must have been placed at a disadvantage.



A player can always recover his/her fumbled ball; a fumble is not a dribble, and any steps taken during recovery are not traveling, regardless of progress made and/or advantage gained! (Running while fumbling is not traveling!)



A high dribble is always legal provided the dribbler's hand stays on top of the ball, and the ball does not come to rest in the dribblers' hand.



## A "kicked" ball must be intentional, and contact must be at the knee or below.



## It is perfectly legal for a player to rebound his/her own air ball, provided the official deemed the shot a legitimate shot.



Striking the ball handler or shooter on his/her hand, while holding the ball, is not a foulno matter how noisy or how much it hurts!



A defender does not have to "give the dribbler a step". As long as legal guarding position has been established, it is up to the dribbler to avoid contact. The person with the ball should expect to be guarded.



## The sides, top, and bottom of a rectangular backboard are IN BOUNDS



Jumpers may tap the ball simultaneously; may tap the ball twice; and when a legally tapped ball touches the floor, a player other than a non-jumper or (believe it or not) a backboard, the jump ball has ended, and either jumper may recover it!



## A 10 second count continues when the defense deflects or bats the ball



## A "moving screen" isn't a violation unless there is contact. (If contact occurs, it's a "BLOCK", which is a foul.)



## Any contact foul during a live ball is personal, not technical!



Basketball is NOT a non-contact sport. Incidental contact does occur, and contact which does not create an advantage/disadvantage may be ignored. Contact on the shooter should be called.



## Any unsportsmanlike contact during a dead ball is a technical foul!



A defensive player does not have to be stationary to take a charge.... he or she simply must have established a legal guarding position. The defense can move backward and sideways.



An intentional foul is <u>always</u> penalized with 2 free throws,

Except on a missed 3-point shot, which is awarded 3 free throws.



When an airborne shooter commits a player control foul, his/her successful try for goal cannot be allowed, regardless of whether the try was released before or after the foul!



Lifting the pivot foot DOES NOT constitute a travel unless the ball handler puts the pivot foot back on the floor prior to beginning a pass or shooting the ball! The pivot foot cannot be lifted before the dribble is started.



If bench personnel leave the confines of the bench during a fight, the offenders are ejected from the game but only ONE technical foul is administered regardless of the number of offenders (also charged indirectly to the coach).



**Basket Interference occurs when:** a player touches the ball or basket (net included) when the ball is ON or within the basket; touches the ball when it is touching the cylinder having the ring as its lower base; touches the ball outside the cylinder while reaching through the basket from below.



Misunderstood Rules in HS Basketball Goal Tending occurs when: a player touches the ball during a try or tap while it is in its downward flight entirely above the basket ring level and has the possibility of entering the basket in flight; or an opponent of the free thrower touches the ball outside the cylinder during a free throw attempt.



It is impossible to travel, double dribble or carry while taking the ball out for a throw in. We've all seen officials tell athletes they can't move on a throw-in. Why? This is not a rule. You have limitations but you can move. We all need to read the rules. They are good to know

